Governance Issues in Cooperatives

(Labor Service/Workers Coop)

Presented by:

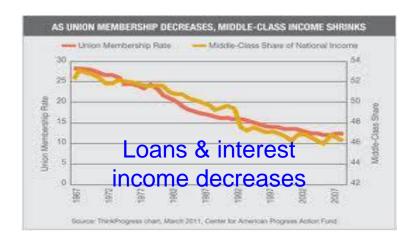
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What's Happening Today with Banks and Coops?









What's Happening Today with Businesses and Coops?



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POOR GOVERNANCE

It contributed largely to the financial crisis, failures of banks, business organizations and

COOPERATIVES

In your coop, what are the Common Issues and Problems relating to Cooperative Governance?

Issues in labor service/worker cooperatives

- Degree of linkage between trade union and labor coop movement has not ceased to grow
- Worker-owned coops, although increasing in number, remain an infinitely small part of the economy
- There are more associate members than regular members

Issues in labor service/worker cooperatives

- Still struggling to provide benefits, e.g., health-disability-life insurance, and retirement plans
- Lacks compliance to labor standards, mandatory contributions and deductions, and absence of health and safety committee
- Inadequate continuing coop education to members as a way of life and non-conduct of behavioral research works to improve delivery of services

Common Issues and Problems that Lead to **Abuses** in Cooperative Governance



No formal strategic planning and management processes.



No clear understanding of the actual duties, responsibilities, accountabilities and liabilities of the Board of Directors as a body and as individual Directors.



Diverse backgrounds of directors.

Knowledge, experience and training of Directors are not business related

Lack of knowledge in finance



No free exchange of ideas and opinions



Too many meetings and discussions without anything getting resolved



"This month's business meeting is the same as last month's business meeting but with many more problems

What do you recommend to address those?

Boards, committees and officers who understand and apply the concepts of good governance can upgrade the values and for a better performing cooperative.



What is Governance?

The process of decision making and the process by which decisions are implemented (or not implemented).

In Other Words....

Coop Governance simply means...
HAVING AND FOLLOWING
Your internal rules (by laws, policies)
or other best practices in the
coop movement.

Co-op Governance then is...

the board as representatives of members that advise management for the members



The set of relationships between the cooperative's members

The Key People in a Cooperative





and how a business can be best governed in the interests of its owners.

the management that has the care and control of the cooperatives for the members

DIRECTORS

Three levels of challenges in which the board of directors should address are internal, external and individual challenges.

Internal CHALLENGES

Structure

composition of the board, consideration on rotation on directors, nomination compliance, annual general assembly & members' participation.

Continuity

refers to strategies of maintaining & creating sustainability & continuity of the business, directors & management succession planning that will ensure continuous existence of the cooperative & presence of disaster management & recovery program

Balance

refers to composition of BOD who aim to adequately reflect the demographic makeup of members, balance of the financial service demands of members

Accountability

refers to accountability to the general assembly, officers & employees, established strategic direction, achievement of targets, prepared plan and budget, monitored mgt's implementation of approved policies



"POLITICIZED" instead of active and involved Board of Directors



Delayed and often fragmented decisionmaking process



A serious lack of information about/from member-owners



Traditional product offerings

Limited choices

Lack of inter-coop connectivity



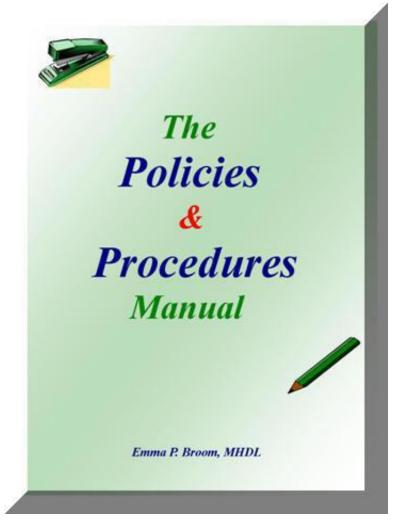
Strategic partnership among cooperatives through union is essential in maximizing resources and minimizing costs



Serious lack of knowledge of marketing

- ✓ Know your market (customers)
- ✓ Know their needs or wants
- ✓ Provide products that clearly meet their needs, are affordable, and available at the right time and at the right place.

Lack of policies and procedures that are needed to sustain operations and promote long-term viability



EXternal CHALLENGES

refers to cognizant of responsibilities to government & other Public accountab stakeholders, including but not limited to regulators, legislative bodies, the media, the community and the public.

Compliance

refers to adherence of regulation and to comply with national laws, and any relevant standards for financial institutions, undergo annual external audits & changing the auditor at least every 3-5 years in a competitive bidding process.

Transparency

refers to commit for a regular, honest communication of coop's activities with members, regulators & the general public in the spirit of full disclosure, financial statements are compliant with generally accepted accounting principles & local regulatory standards, should be made available to members & the public.

EXTERNALCHALLENGES

- Low public awareness of coop
- Aggressive players in the market
- Rising unemployment
- Technology turning out to be a double-edged sword
- Global Climate Change
- Global Financial Crisis (Political and Economics)
- Legal (Memorandum, Exec. Orders, SB Resolution and other Laws.

Individual CHALLENGES

Competence

refers to compliance of the board on basic financial literacy, including the ability to interpret financial statements & standards, or commit to acquiring these skills through education or training within the first year members to have specialized financial or business skills and/or a member-focused viewpoint.

Integrity

refers to adopting a standardized code of conduct, zero conflict of interest issue, officers do not have criminal, recent backgrounds, immediate family members does not serve on the board or in management at the same time, clear guidelines and process on the removal of officers from their position

Commitment

refers to willingness and ability to commit the necessary time to the coop. Failure to attend board meetings may result in dismissal, respect to the majority decisions of the board, adhering to all policies that have been adopted, regardless of personal opinion.

PILLARS OF A GOOD Governance





Regularly conduct an audit in your coop



... is the enemy of surprises

... is the enemy of hypocrisy

... is the friend of honesty, factual, truthful

... is the begullibility

Easily deceived or duped

... is Coop's best AUDITOR

... is what we all expect from our Officers



"There's no time for thinking. We have to make a management decision."

Decisions taken by management and the information leading to those decisions

PILLARS of A good Governance





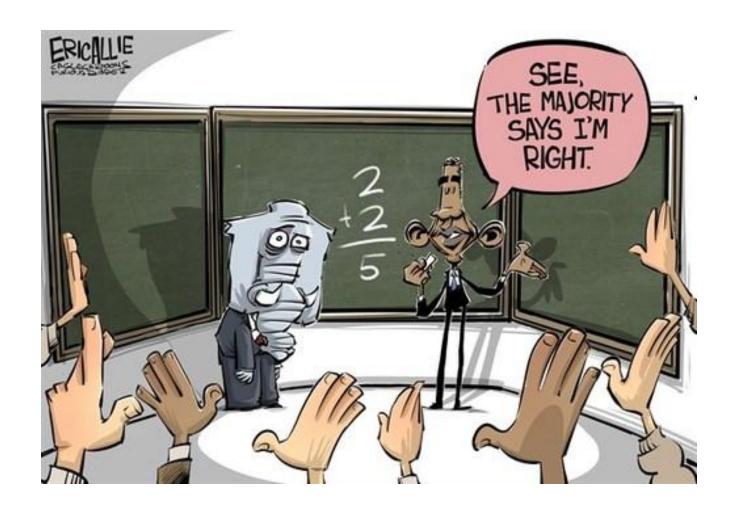
To suffer punishment in the case of eventual misconduct

PILLARS of A good Governance



FAIRNESS

- Impartial
- ► Hear all sides
- Consistent with policies
- ► Applicable to all



Respecting majority's decision

Operational Framework in Assessing Coop Governance Performance

Pillars of Good Coop Governance

- 1. Risk Management
- 2. Transparency
- 3. Accountability
- 4. Fairness



Universal Principles of Cooperatives

- Voluntary & Open Membership
- Democratic Member Control
- Member Economic Participation
- Autonomy and Independence
- Education, Training and Information
- 6. Cooperation among Coops
- 7. Concern for Community



External Policy and Institutional Environment

1. Legislation and Regulations from CDA 2. Federations and Leagues' policies, rules and regulations 3. Local and national government's policies, rules and

regulations

Internal Structure and Processes

- 1. Bylaws
- 2. Vision, Mission
- & Goals (VMG)
- 3. Policies
- 4. Coop products
- & services
- Operation mgt
- Marketing mgt
- 7. HRD
- 8. Financial mgt
- Feedback mechanism-Communication/ Info system
- 10. Programs & services for the members & the public

Individuals--Membership, Leaders, Officers, Management and Staff

- Membership participation to policy & decision making
- 2. Personal Integrity of officers,
- management & staff
- Competence of officers,
- management
- & staff
- Commitment of officers, management
- & staff



Gallery of best practices & coop governance indicator



Governance performance of cooperative

BEST PRACTICES



Coop Best Practice

- We created a feedback mechanism by conducting a survey to our members.
- We set-up a focus group discussion for a deeper perspective and opinion regarding the subject matter

Other Best Practices

Establishment of Governance Committee

In addition to regular committees, like credit, audit, education committees

Role of Governance Committee

Identify governance issues confronting coop

Map out possible responses to these issues

Ensure compliance to governance policies that may be ratified by Board and by the General Assembly



THANK YOU AND AND GOD BLESS!!!